

I. BIDEN-HARRIS EXECUTIVE ACTIONS IMPACTING HEALTH EQUITY & RACIAL JUSTICE

Topic	Description
<p>Racial Equity</p>	<p>Executive Order on Advancing Racial Equity and Support for Underserved Communities¹ (January 2021)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Directs federal agencies to assess whether, and to what extent, programs and policies perpetuate systemic barriers to opportunities and benefits for people of color and other underserved groups. • Directs White House Domestic Policy Council (DPC) to coordinate interagency efforts to embed equity principles, policies, and approaches across the Federal Government, in coordination with the directors of the National Security Council and the National Economic Council. • Directs the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) to study and identify methods for assessing whether agency policies and actions create or exacerbate barriers to full and equal participation by all eligible individuals. Report due in six months. • Directs agency heads, within 200 days, to provide a report to the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy (APDP) assessing equity and systemic barriers in agency policies and programs. • Directs OMB to identify opportunities to promote equity and investment in underserved communities in the annual White House Budget Request. • Directs all agency heads to consult with the APDP and OMB to produce a plan for ensuring Government contracting and procurement opportunities are available on an equal basis to all eligible providers of goods and services. • Establishes an Interagency Working Group on Equitable Data and directs it to study and provide recommendations to the APDP identifying inadequacies in existing Federal data collection programs, and best practices for the disaggregation of data by race, ethnicity, gender, disability, income, veteran status, or other key demographic variables. <p>Memorandum Condemning and Combating Racism, Xenophobia, and Intolerance Against Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders (AAPI)² (January 2021)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Acknowledges the harm of anti-Asian bias and discrimination and makes it Administration policy to condemn and denounce it. • Acknowledges the role that the U.S. government played in furthering such sentiments including through former President Trump’s words. • Directs HHS, in coordination with the COVID-19 Health Equity Task Force, to consider issuing guidance on best practices for advancing cultural competency, language access, and sensitivity towards Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders in the context of the government COVID-19 response.

¹ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/20/executive-order-advancing-racial-equity-and-support-for-underserved-communities-through-the-federal-government/>

² <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/26/memorandum-condemning-and-combating-racism-xenophobia-and-intolerance-against-asian-americans-and-pacific-islanders-in-the-united-states/>

Topic	Description
Health Coverage	<p data-bbox="359 136 1476 167">Executive Order on Strengthening Medicaid and the Affordable Care Act³ (January 2021)</p> <ul data-bbox="407 204 1976 1109" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="407 204 1892 337">• Directs HHS to open a Special Enrollment Period (SEP) to increase access to affordable health insurance coverage as the COVID-19 pandemic continues. Per fact sheet from CMS, the SEP will occur from Feb. 15, 2021 to May 15, 2021 and consumers will be able to access the SEP through HealthCare.gov, the Marketplace call center, direct enrollment channels, Marketplace registered agents and brokers, and trained enrollment assisters. <li data-bbox="407 375 1976 1109">• Directs federal agencies to conduct a review of previous agency actions that “weaken access to health care,” including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="506 443 1892 505">▪ Policies that undermine protections for patients with pre-existing conditions such as previously finalized rules expanding access to short-term limited duration insurance (STLDI) plans. <li data-bbox="506 542 1927 604">▪ Demonstrations or the use of waiver authority that may result in reduced coverage and access under either the ACA or Medicaid such as Tennessee’s recent Sec. 1115 waiver block grant demonstration. <li data-bbox="506 641 1969 774">▪ Policies that may disrupt or weaken the Health Insurance Marketplace, as well as the individual, small group, or large group markets such as policies in the 2022 Notice of Benefit and Payment Parameters final rule allowing states to use online brokers instead of an Exchange website, and relaxations of “guardrails” ensuring access and coverage within 1332 waivers. <li data-bbox="506 812 1976 907">▪ Policies that present unnecessary barriers to individuals and families attempting to access Medicaid or ACA coverage potentially including Medicaid work requirements policies and policies that complicate rather than streamlining eligibility for SEPs. <li data-bbox="506 945 1948 1109">▪ Policies that may reduce the affordability of coverage or financial assistance for coverage, including for dependents. This could include policies finalized in the CY 2020 Notice of Benefit and Payment Parameters final rule, which changed the methodology for calculating the premium adjustment percentage and was expected to reduce total premium subsidy amounts. While not explicitly named, it could include efforts to shore up affordability of coverage for dependents including solutions to the “family glitch.” <p data-bbox="359 1146 1976 1242">Of note, the EO does not include a date by which federal agencies must complete this review of past agency actions, saying only that they must complete this review “as soon as practicable.” Following this review, agencies must then consider whether to suspend, revise, or rescind any policies identified among the above criteria.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="407 1279 1940 1378">• Revocation of Previous, ACA-related EOs: The Biden EO formally revokes two Trump administration EOs that target the ACA and individual market. Specifically, this includes EO 13765, “<i>Minimizing the Economic Burden of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act Pending Repeal</i>” and EO 13813, “<i>Promoting Healthcare Choice and Competition Across the United</i>

³ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/28/executive-order-on-strengthening-medicaid-and-the-affordable-care-act/>

Topic	Description
Health Coverage <i>(Continued)</i>	<p><i>States.</i>” The EO further directs agencies to consider whether to rescind, revise, or suspend any agency actions driven by either of these prior EOs. This includes, for example, a recently finalized rule from the Departments of Labor, Treasury, and HHS providing greater latitude for grandfathered group health plans and grandfathered group health insurance coverage to increase cost-sharing while preserving their grandfather status. As mentioned earlier, this could implicate the final rules authorizing broader access to STLDI plans, association health plans (AHPs), and Health Reimbursement Arrangements (HRAs).</p>
Housing	<p>Memorandum on Redressing Our Nation’s and the Federal Government’s History of Discriminatory Housing Practices and Policies⁴ <i>(January 2021)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Acknowledges that racial discrimination has been present in federal housing policy, even prior to the Trump administration. • Directs HUD to examine the impacts of two Trump era regulations through fair housing policies have been weakened or revoked: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ A 2020 rule titled “Preserving Community and Neighborhood Choice” ○ A 2020 rule entitled “HUD’s Implementation of the Fair Housing Act’s Disparate Impact Standard” • Directs HUD to take any actions necessary to ensure agency is administering programs to combat discriminatory practices and fully implement the Fair Housing Act.
Sex Discrimination	<p>Executive Order on Preventing and Combating Discrimination on the Basis of Gender Identity or Sexual Orientation⁵ <i>(January 2021)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reaffirms principles enshrined in various existing anti-discrimination laws. • Directs agency heads, in consultation with the Attorney General, and within 100 days, to review existing order and policies and consider whether to revise, suspend, or rescind such agency actions, or promulgate new agency actions, as necessary to fully implement statutes that prohibit sex discrimination. <p>Memorandum on Protecting Women’s Health at Home and Abroad⁶ <i>(January 2021)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediately rescinds the global gag rule, sometimes referred to as “the Mexico City Policy,” which bars U.S. government funding for international non-profits that provide abortion counseling or referrals. • The Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of HHS, the Administrator of USAID, and all appropriate officials are directed to immediately notify current grantees, as soon as possible, that these conditions have been waived, among other specific directives. • Directs HHS to take immediate action to consider whether to rescind the regulations finalized in 2019 overhauling the Title X family planning program, sometimes referred to as the “<i>domestic</i> gag rule.”

⁴ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/26/memorandum-on-redressing-our-nations-and-the-federal-governments-history-of-discriminatory-housing-practices-and-policies/>

⁵ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/20/executive-order-preventing-and-combating-discrimination-on-basis-of-gender-identity-or-sexual-orientation/>

⁶ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/28/memorandum-on-protecting-womens-health-at-home-and-abroad/>

Topic	Description
<p>Public Health & Climate</p>	<p>Executive Order on Protecting Public Health and the Environment and Restoring Science to Tackle the Climate Crisis⁷ (January 2021)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Declares it the policy of the Federal Government to listen to the science; to improve public health and protect our environment; to ensure access to clean air and water; to limit exposure to dangerous chemicals and pesticides; to hold polluters accountable, including those who disproportionately harm communities of color and low-income communities; to reduce greenhouse gas emissions; to bolster resilience to the impacts of climate change; and to prioritize both environmental justice and the creation of the well-paying union jobs necessary to deliver on these goals. • Directs all agencies to immediately review all policies promulgated during the Trump Administration that are at odds with above goals. • Within 30 days, directs agency heads to submit to OMB a preliminary list of actions under consideration for promulgation in 2021, and within 90 days a list of those under consideration for promulgation through 2025. • Other provisions would restore certain National Monuments, place a temporary moratorium on oil production in the Arctic Refuge, revoke the permit for the Keystone XL Pipeline, among other items.
<p>COVID-19 Response</p>	<p>Executive Order on Ensuring an Equitable Pandemic Response and Recovery⁸ (January 2021)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Government-Wide Effort to Address Health Equity</i> – Directs a government-wide effort to address health equity in order to address the disproportionate and severed impact of COVID-19 on communities of color and other underserved populations which builds upon historic inequities. • <i>COVID-19 Health Equity Task Force</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Establishes the Health Equity Task Force within HHS that will provide recommendations to the President for mitigating the health inequities caused or exacerbated by the COVID-19 pandemic and for preventing such inequities in the future. Recommendations include how COVID-19 resources and relief funding should be allocated in light of disparities, funding allocations to advance equity, and recommendations regarding effective, culturally aligned communication, messaging, and outreach to communities of color and other underserved populations. Final report will address ongoing health inequities faces by COVID-19 survivors, describing factors contributing to disparities in COVID-19 outcomes, and recommendations to combat such disparities in future pandemic responses. Task force will end 30-days post report unless extended by the President. ○ Outlines requirements for data collection to address data shortfalls related to adequately tracking inequities; ○ Directs the Agriculture, Labor, HHS, Housing and Urban Development, and Education Departments, Environmental Protection Agency, and other agencies to consult with the Task Force⁸ to examine equity within their pandemic response plans and policies, and to remedy those plans wherever needed in order to address disparities; ○ Directs HHS to provide recommendations to State, local, Tribal and territorial leaders regarding how to facilitate the placement of contact tracers and others in communities that have been hardest hit by the pandemic, recruit tracers from those communities, and connect workers to existing health workforce training programs and career programs;

⁷ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/20/executive-order-protecting-public-health-and-environment-and-restoring-science-to-tackle-climate-crisis/>

⁸ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/21/executive-order-ensuring-an-equitable-pandemic-response-and-recovery/>

Topic	Description
<p>COVID-19 Response</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Directs HHS to conduct outreach campaigns to promote vaccine trust and update among communities of color and other underserved populations and to engage with leaders in those communities when doing so. <p>Executive Order on Improving and Expanding Access to Care and Treatments for COVID-19⁹ (January 2021)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● <i>Accelerating Development of Novel Therapies</i> – Directs HHS to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Develop a plan to support a range of studies and trials for identifying promising treatments for COVID-19 and other future public health threats; and ○ Develop a plan to support research in rural hospitals and research that studies the long-term health effects of COVID-19. The research must include populations that have been historically underrepresented in such trials. ● <i>Improving the Capacity of the National’s Health Care System to Address COVID-19</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Directs HHS, Defense, and other agencies to provide necessary surge assistance to critical care and long-term care facilities to support the COVID-19 response; ○ Directs HHS to develop recommendations on how States and health care providers can increase their capacity to meet the needs of the COVID-19 response; and ○ Expand access to programs and services designed to meet the long-term health needs of COVID-19 patients in recovery. ● <i>Improving Access to Quality and Affordable Health Care</i> – Directs HHS and other Departments to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Develop targets for the production, allocation, and distribution of COVID-19 treatments; ○ Prioritize investments in therapeutics that can be readily administered and scaled; ○ Identify existing barriers for equitably and effectively leveraging existing COVID-19 treatments and support local governments in overcoming such barriers; ○ Evaluate the COVID-19 Uninsured Program and take any steps needed to promote access to treatment and care for patients without insurance; and ○ Evaluate Medicare, Medicaid, group health plans, and health insurance issuers to determine any steps needed to better promote coverage for COVID-19 treatments and care. <p>Executive Order on Establishing the COVID-19 Pandemic Testing Board and Ensuring a Sustainable Public Health Workforce for COVID-19 and Other Biological Threats¹⁰ (January 2021)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● <i>COVID-19 Pandemic Testing Board</i> – Establishes a COVID-19 Pandemic Testing Board (Testing Board) that will: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Coordinate federal efforts to promote COVID-19 diagnostic, screening, and surveillance testing; ○ Make recommendations on how to support State, local, Tribal, and territorial authorities in their respective testing efforts; ○ Identify barriers to access for testing, as well as priority populations for receiving tests; ○ Determine strategies for expanding local capacity to administer COVID-19 tests; and ○ Propose federal reforms to increase testing capacity, expand genomic sequencing, and improve the federal government’s ability to respond to future pandemics, among others.

⁹ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/21/executive-order-improving-and-expanding-access-to-care-and-treatments-for-covid-19/>

¹⁰ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/21/executive-order-establishing-the-covid-19-pandemic-testing-board-and-ensuring-a-sustainable-public-health-workforce-for-covid-19-and-other-biological-threats/>

Topic	Description
<p>COVID-19 Response</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Addressing the Cost of COVID-19 Testing</i> – Directs HHS, along with other Departments, to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Facilitate the provision of COVID-19 testing at no cost to individuals without health insurance; ○ Clarify commercial insurers’ obligations to provide COVID-19 testing coverage; ○ Support surveillance testing in settings such as schools; and ○ Expand equitable access to COVID-19 testing. • <i>Public Health Workforce Program</i> – Directs HHS and other Departments to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Discern the current challenges that State, local, Tribal, and territorial governments face in their respective pandemic response efforts, and to provide any technical support or assistance needed to resolve any identified barriers; ○ Submit a report to the President on its plans for responding to future high-consequence public health threats, and any budgetary requirements needed to execute on such a plan; and ○ Submit a plan to the President on establishing a national contact tracing and COVID-19 public health workforce program, which will be called the U.S. Public Health Job Corps. <p>Executive Order on Ensuring a Data-Driven Response to COVID-19 and Future High-Consequence Public Health Threats¹¹ (January 2021)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Enhancing Data Collection and Collaboration Capabilities for High-Consequence Public Health Threats, such as the COVID-19 Pandemic</i> – Directs Labor, HHS, Commerce, Labor, Education, and Justice Departments, among other agencies, to designate a senior official to serve as their agency’s lead on COVID-19-related data issues. These representatives are then directed to convene to coordinate their agency’s collection, provision, and analysis of data. The Office of Management and Budget is required to review the government’s existing approaches to open data and issue supplemental guidance on how to de-identify COVID-19-related data; how to make the data open to the public; and any other topic that would advance this order. The Office of Personnel Management is directed to review the ability of agencies to hire personnel in a timely manner into roles that address information technology and the collection, provision, and analysis of data to address high-consequence public health threats. • <i>Public Health Data Systems</i> – Directs HHS to carry out the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Review the effectiveness, interoperability, and connectivity of public health data systems supporting the detection of and response high-consequence public health threats; ○ Review the collection of morbidity and mortality data by State, local, and tribal governments during high-consequence public health threats; ○ Issue a report summarizing the findings and any recommendations to address the areas of improvement identified. • <i>Advancing Innovation in Public Health Data Analytics</i> – Directs the Office of Science and Technology Policy to develop a plan for advancing innovation in public health data and analytics in the U.S. • <i>Privileged Information</i> – The order details that it does not authorize the disclosure of privileged information, law-enforcement information, national-security information, personal information, of information the disclosures of which is prohibited by law.

¹¹ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/21/executive-order-ensuring-a-data-driven-response-to-covid-19-and-future-high-consequence-public-health-threats/>

Topic	Description
COVID-19 Response	<p>Executive Order on Protecting Worker Health and Safety¹² (January 2021)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Employer Guidance</i> – Requires the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) to issue revised guidance to employers on worker safety during the pandemic by February 4, 2021. • <i>Emergency Temporary Standard</i> – Directs OSHA to consider whether any emergency temporary standards on COVID-19 (e.g., masks in the workplace) and to issue, if necessary, such standard by March 15, 2021. • <i>Additional Enforcement</i> – Requires OSHA to ramp up enforcement efforts through a review of current federal policies, a dedicated national program focused on addressing COVID-19-related violations, increased coordination between Federal and state and local governments, and a multilingual outreach campaign to increase awareness about worker safety rights.
COVID-19 & Education	<p>Executive Order on Supporting the Reopening and Continuing Operation of Schools and Early Childhood Education Providers¹³ (January 2021)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Every student in America deserves a high-quality education in a safe environment. The pandemic exacerbated preexisting educational disparities and created new ones. This EO aims to address these disparities and to help create the conditions for safe in-person learning; ensure high-quality instruction, and ensure the delivery of essential services that are otherwise often distributed through schools; and to mitigate learning loss caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. • Outlines two guiding principles to govern the Administration’s policy in this arena: (1) the health and safety of children, students, educators, families, and communities; and (2) every student should have access to the opportunity to receive a high-quality education during and after the pandemic. • Directs the Secretary of Education to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Partner with HHS to provide evidence-based guidance to assist states and elementary and secondary schools in deciding whether and how to reopen and remain open for in-person learning with the use of cleaning, masking, ventilation and testing. ○ Partner with HHS to provide advice to state, local, Tribal, and territorial educational authorities, institutions of higher education, local education agencies, and elementary and secondary schools regarding distance and online learning, blended learning, and in-person learning; and the promotion of mental health, social-emotional well-being, and communication with parents and families. ○ Develop a Safer Schools and Campuses Best Practices Clearinghouse to share best practices for operating safely during the pandemic; ○ Have the DOE’s Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights deliver a report as soon as practicable on the disparate impact of COVID-19 on students in elementary, secondary, and higher education, including those attending historically black colleges and universities, Tribal colleges and universities, Hispanic-serving institutions, and other minority-serving institutions. ○ Coordinate with the Director of the Institute of Education Sciences to facilitate the collection of data to understand the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on students and educators, including data on the status of in-person learning. Data

¹² <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/21/executive-order-protecting-worker-health-and-safety/>

¹³ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/21/executive-order-supporting-the-reopening-and-continuing-operation-of-schools-and-early-childhood-education-providers/>

Topic	Description
COVID-19 & Education <i>(Continued)</i>	<p>will be disaggregated by student demographics including race, disability, English-language-learner status, and free or reduced lunch status or other indicators of family income.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Directs the Department of Health and Human Services to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Coordinate with relevant agencies to ensure COVID-19 testing materials are equitably allocated to elementary and secondary schools, child care providers, and Head Start programs to support in person care and learning; ○ Support the development and operationalization of contact tracing programs to ensure there are available for the safe reopening and operation of schools, child care providers, Head Start and institutions of higher learning. ○ Provide guidance to child care providers and Head Start programs to help meet the needs of children and families impacted by COVID-19 including trauma-informed care, behavioral and mental health support, and family support. ○ Provide technical assistance to states, localities, tribes and territories to accelerate distribution of COVID-19 relief funds to child care providers and help identify strategies to help them remain open following widespread financial challenges due to the pandemic; • Directs the Secretaries of Education and HHS to submit a report identifying strategies to address the impact of COVID-19 on educational outcomes, especially along racial and socioeconomic lines, and to share the strategies with state, local, tribal and territorial officials. • Urges the FCC to increase connectivity options for students lacking reliable broadband connectivity at home.
COVID-19 & Economic Relief	<p>Executive Order on Economic Relief Related to the COVID-19 Pandemic¹⁴ <i>(January 2021)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognizes that the economic impact of the pandemic has had significant and far-reaching impacts, and has disproportionately impacted communities of color. • Directs all agencies to identify actions they can take within existing authorities to address the current economic crisis resulting from the pandemic, and to take such actions where possible. This includes a directive to consider actions that help improve access to, reduce unnecessary barriers to, and improve coordination among government-funded programs.
Census	<p>Executive Order on Ensuring a Lawful and Accurate Enumeration and Apportionment Pursuant to the Decennial Census¹⁵ <i>(January 2021)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reaffirms that it is the policy of the United States that reapportionment shall be based on the total number of persons residing in the several States, without regard for immigration status. • Directs the Secretary of Commerce to ensure quality data and take all necessary steps, consistent with law, to ensure that the total population information presented to the President and to the States is accurate and complies with all applicable laws. • Revokes Trump era Executive Order 13880 (Collecting Information About Citizenship Status in Connection With the Decennial Census), and the Presidential Memorandum of July 21, 2020 (Excluding Illegal Aliens From the Apportionment Base Following the 2020 Census)

¹⁴ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/22/executive-order-economic-relief-related-to-the-covid-19-pandemic/>

¹⁵ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/20/executive-order-ensuring-a-lawful-and-accurate-enumeration-and-apportionment-pursuant-to-decennial-census/>

Topic	Description
Tribal Sovereignty	<p>Memorandum on Tribal Consultation and Strengthening Nation-to-Nation Relationships¹⁶ (January 2021)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Directs agencies to regularly engage in consultation with tribal governments, with an eye on advancing racial justice for Native American communities. • Each agency will be required to develop detailed plans of action and ongoing subsequent reports on the coordination and implementation of a Tribal consultation process.
Criminal Justice Reform	<p>Executive Order on Reforming Our Incarceration System to Eliminate the Use of Privately Operated Criminal Detention Facilities¹⁷ (January 2021)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • With the ultimate goal of reducing mass incarceration, bans the federal government’s use of privately operated prisons by directing DOJ not to renew any such contracts.
Immigration	<p>President Biden has signed at least nine (9) proclamations and executive orders regarding immigration. This includes reversals of discriminatory bans on immigration from predominantly Muslim and African nations, coordinated efforts to reunify families, and directives for federal agencies to examine the impact of current public charge inadmissibility rules on public health.^{18 19 20}</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Proclamation on Ending Discriminatory Bans on Entry to The United States²¹ (January 2021) • Executive Order on the Revision of Civil Immigration Enforcement Policies and Priorities²² (January 2021) • Proclamation on the Termination of Emergency With Respect to the Southern Border and Redirection of Funds Diverted To Border Wall Construction²³ (January 2021) • Preserving and Fortifying Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA)²⁴ (January 2021) • Proclamation on the Suspension of Entry as Immigrants and Non-Immigrants of Certain Additional Persons Who Pose a Risk of Transmitting Coronavirus Disease²⁵ (January 2021)

¹⁶ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/26/memorandum-on-tribal-consultation-and-strengthening-nation-to-nation-relationships/>

¹⁷ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/26/executive-order-reforming-our-incarceration-system-to-eliminate-the-use-of-privately-operated-criminal-detention-facilities/>

¹⁸ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/20/proclamation-ending-discriminatory-bans-on-entry-to-the-united-states/>

¹⁹ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/02/02/executive-order-the-establishment-of-interagency-task-force-on-the-reunification-of-families/>

²⁰ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/02/02/executive-order-restoring-faith-in-our-legal-immigration-systems-and-strengthening-integration-and-inclusion-efforts-for-new-americans/>

²¹ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/20/proclamation-ending-discriminatory-bans-on-entry-to-the-united-states/>

²² <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/20/executive-order-the-revision-of-civil-immigration-enforcement-policies-and-priorities/>

²³ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/20/proclamation-termination-of-emergency-with-respect-to-southern-border-of-united-states-and-redirection-of-funds-diverted-to-border-wall-construction/>

²⁴ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/20/preserving-and-fortifying-deferred-action-for-childhood-arrivals-daca/>

²⁵ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/25/proclamation-on-the-suspension-of-entry-as-immigrants-and-non-immigrants-of-certain-additional-persons-who-pose-a-risk-of-transmitting-coronavirus-disease/>

Topic	Description
Immigration <i>(Continued)</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Executive Order on Restoring Faith in Our Legal Immigration Systems and Strengthening Integration and Inclusion Efforts for New Americans²⁶ <i>(February 2021)</i> • Executive Order on Creating a Comprehensive Regional Framework to Address the Causes of Migration, to Manage Migration Throughout North and Central America, and to Provide Safe and Orderly Processing of Asylum Seekers at the United States Border²⁷ <i>(February 2021)</i> • Executive Order on the Establishment of Interagency Task Force on the Reunification of Families²⁸ <i>(February 2021)</i> • Executive Order on Rebuilding and Enhancing Programs to Resettle Refugees and Planning for the Impact of Climate Change on Migration²⁹ <i>(February 2021)</i>

²⁶ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/02/02/executive-order-restoring-faith-in-our-legal-immigration-systems-and-strengthening-integration-and-inclusion-efforts-for-new-americans/>

²⁷ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/02/02/executive-order-creating-a-comprehensive-regional-framework-to-address-the-causes-of-migration-to-manage-migration-throughout-north-and-central-america-and-to-provide-safe-and-orderly-processing/>

²⁸ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/02/02/executive-order-the-establishment-of-interagency-task-force-on-the-reunification-of-families/>

²⁹ <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/02/04/executive-order-on-rebuilding-and-enhancing-programs-to-resettle-refugees-and-planning-for-the-impact-of-climate-change-on-migration/>